JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CENAP-OP-R

FILE N	IBER: 200500446 PADOT 5-0, SR 3001, SEC 01B	
Stat Cou Cen App Nar	Pennsylvania Z. Lehigh Coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 40-30-7.63 N/75-35-50.64 W Eximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 4.0 acres. Of nearest waterway: Swabia Creek Of watershed: Little Lehigh Creek (Lehigh River)	
	TIONAL DETERMINATION Detect: Desktop determination	
Jur	ictional Determination (JD):	
	reliminary JD - Based on available information, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the inited States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable Reference 33 CFR part 331).	
	pproved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). heck all that apply:	
	There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) with the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:	in
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the viewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.128 acre.	
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of I Jurisdiction.	No
BASIS (JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: Vaters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": ne presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.	1
B. □	Vaters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in iterstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. 2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands. 3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, undflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or estruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):	

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Waters of the United States on the site include the following: 1) the main stem of Swabia Creek to the Ordinary High Water (OHW) line; 2) an unnamed tributary to Swabia Creek on the northern side of the roadway; 3)a constructed ditch along the southeastern side of the roadway; and, 4) wetlands contiguous with the above waters. Swabia Creek is tributary to the Little Lehigh Creek which is tributary to the Lehigh River, an intrastate, navigable water of the

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

United States pursuant to 33 CFR 328.3(a)(1). The Lehigh River is tributary to the Delaware River, an interstate navigable water of the United States pursuant to 33 CFR 328.3(a)(1) and 33 CFR 329.4. Thus, Swabia Creek and the unnamed tributary and the ditch on the site are part of the surface tributary system of a water of the United States and are therefore waters of the United States pursuant to 33 CFR 328.3(a)(5). Wetlands contiguous with Swabia Creek or the unnamed tributary are wetlands adjacent to a water of the United States (33 CFR 328.3(c)). Adjacent wetlands are waters of the United States pursuant to 33 CFR 328.3(a)(7).

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ clear, natural line impressed on the bank ☐ the presence of litter and debris ☐ changes in the character of soil ☐ destruction of terrestrial vegetation ☐ shelving ☐ other: calculated value, water marks on bridge abutments ☐ or scum line along shore objects ☐ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) ☐ physical markings/characteristics ☐ tidal gages ☐ other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Final plan entitled: "Jurisdictional Determination, Lehigh County, PA, SR 3001 over Swabia Creek"; one sheet, scale 1"=25', dated April 11, 2007 (last revision), prepared by CCJM, Inc., Camp Hill, PA for PADOT, Engineering District 5-0.
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
DATA I	Other (explain): REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
Associat	This office concurs with the delineation report, dated November, 2000, prepared by (company): Sheladia tes, Inc. (with modifications based upon the April, 2005 site inspection)
	This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Allentown West, PA U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Actional Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Lehigh County, PA (1963), Sheet 40 National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Aerials Express, April/May 2001; AirPhoto USA November 2003 Other photographs (Date): Site photographs, April 5, 2005

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	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
\boxtimes	Site visit/determination conducted on: April 5, 2005; re-inspected May 10, 2007
	Applicable/supporting case law:
	Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.